

Protecting and improving the nation's health

# Monthly Legionella Report January 2018

National Surveillance Scheme for Legionnaires' disease in Residents of England and Wales

## About Public Health England

Public Health England exists to protect and improve the nation's health and wellbeing, and reduce health inequalities. We do this through world-leading science, knowledge and intelligence, advocacy, partnerships and the delivery of specialist public health services. We are an executive agency of the Department of Health and Social Care, and a distinct delivery organisation with operational autonomy. We provide government, local government, the NHS, Parliament, industry and the public with evidence-based professional, scientific and delivery expertise and support.

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### Introduction

The national surveillance scheme for Legionnaires' disease in residents of England and Wales is co-ordinated by PHE.

The main objectives of the scheme are to:

- detect clusters and outbreaks of Legionella in England and Wales or abroad through the surveillance of all reported cases
- identify sources of infection so that control measures can be assessed and where necessary improved upon, to prevent further cases
- as a member state, collaborate with the European Legionnaires' disease Surveillance Network (ELDSNet) in the detection, control and prevention of cases, clusters and outbreaks within European countries through the reporting of travel associated cases of Legionnaires' disease

This report provides a summary of data extracted from the national Legionella database for confirmed and suspected cases of Legionellosis in residents of England and Wales, as reported to the national surveillance scheme during the month of January 2018.

The report only provides an interim representation of Legionella activity in England and Wales during this time period due to delays in reporting. This means that the data for this month may not be comparable with previously published data for the same period in previous years. Changes as updates reported after the date of this report will be updated in subsequent monthly reports as further data becomes available.

Figures are correct at the time of publication and may be subject to change.

## Legionella data: January 2018

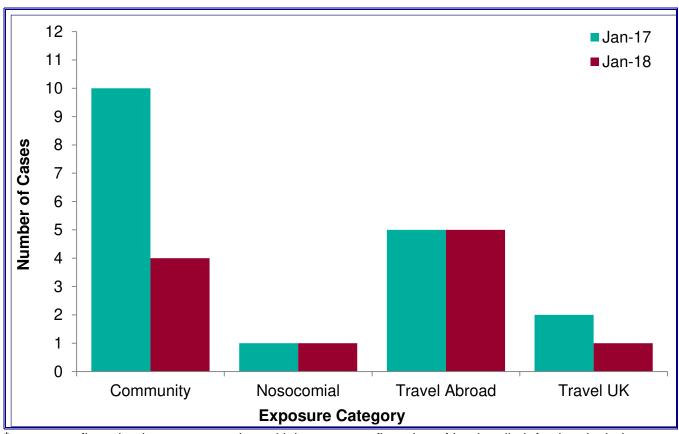
All data presented in this report is correct as at 09 February 2018.

**Table 1:** Cases reported/notified<sup>†</sup>

January 2018	Number of reported/notified <sup>†</sup> cases <sup>‡</sup> of Legic January 2018	nnaires' disease during 48
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These case numbers are provisional and subject to change

Figure 1: Confirmed\* cases of LD by category excluding unassigned cases with onset of symptoms in January 2018



<sup>\*</sup> cases confirmed to have pneumonia and laboratory confirmation of Legionella infection; includes some with incomplete data.

reported/notified cases are any cases reported to the national surveillance scheme via regional colleagues, laboratories and statutory notifications (including all confirmed and non-confirmed cases).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> cases reported with onset of symptoms between 01 January to 31 January 2018, inclusive.

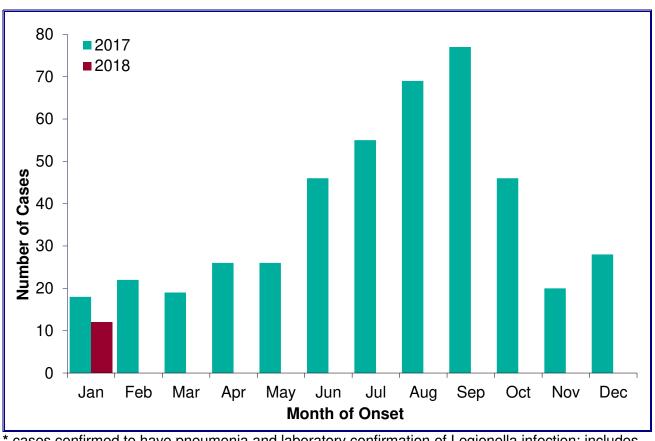
Table 2: Number of confirmed\* cases of LD by category with onset in January 2018

Category	Confirmed* cases with onset in January 2018
Community	4
Nosocomial	1
Travel abroad	5
Travel UK	1
Unassigned	1
Total	12

<sup>\*</sup> cases confirmed to have pneumonia and laboratory confirmation of Legionella infection; includes some with incomplete data.

**nb:** figure in this table are not equivalent to table 1 as cases reported in January may have earlier onset dates or reported cases may later prove to be negative or probable.

Figure 2: Confirmed\* cases of LD by month of onset in 2017 and 2018



<sup>\*</sup> cases confirmed to have pneumonia and laboratory confirmation of Legionella infection; includes some with outstanding data.

Table 3: All confirmed\* and incomplete cases by region of residence

	Onset in January 2018		
Region of residence	Confirmed* cases	Cases where data is still awaited	
East Midlands	-	-	
East of England	1	-	
London	4	-	
North East	-	-	
North West	1	-	
South East	1	-	
South West	2	1	
Wales	-	-	
West Midlands	1	-	
Yorkshire & Humber	2	-	
Other	-	-	
Total	12	1	

<sup>\*</sup> cases confirmed to have pneumonia and laboratory confirmation of Legionella infection; includes some with outstanding data.

**Table 4:** Positive clinical tests of confirmed\* cases of LD with onset of symptoms during January 2018

	Number of confirmed cases	Number of cases with respiratory samples	Number of culture &/or PCR positive cases	Number of cases with SBT identified
Total number of cases	12	7	5	3

**PCR:** polymerase chain reaction **SBT:** sequence based typing

Of the 12 cases of Legionnaires' disease reported to the National Surveillance Scheme 7 (58.3%) cases had a respiratory specimen taken and tested for Legionella infection. Of the 7 cases where a respiratory specimen was tested by culture and/or PCR, 5 (71.4%) specimens tested positive for *Legionella pneumophila* serogroup 1. A complete sequence type was determined for 3 (60.0%) cases.

(Please note that some results may still be pending at the time of this report.)

#### Comments

None for January 2018